

**A little challenge**

# How to play Amazing Grace on the recorder

**Amazing Grace recorder notes with letters**, for beginners, with a fingering chart for each note.

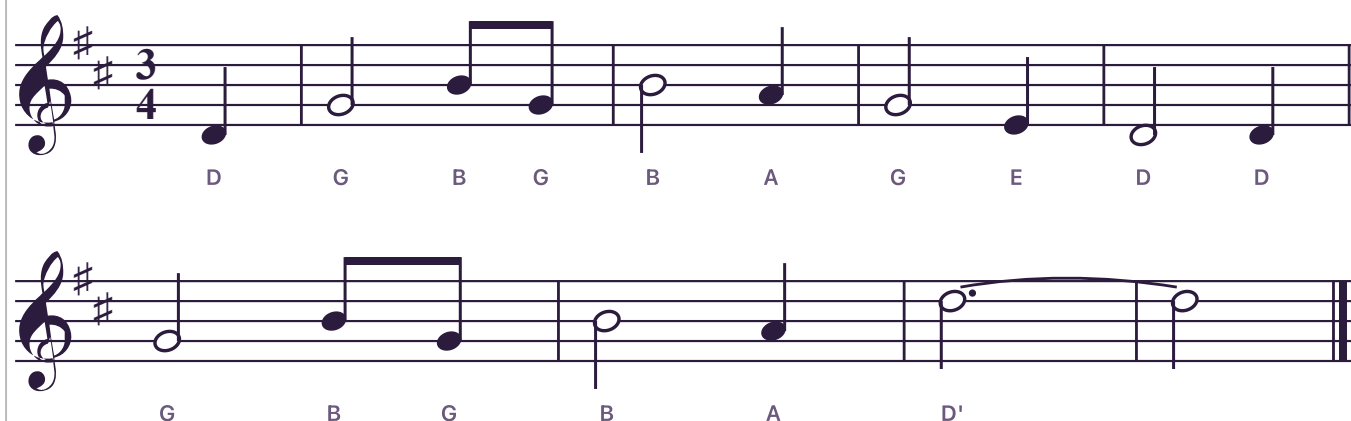
The hymn written by John Newton in 1772, in a slow three-beat rhythm. Long notes are good practice for steady breath. It uses 6 notes: low D, low E, G, A, B and high D. Below are the notes with their rhythm, and the fingering for each one.

## The notes



Longer blocks are longer notes; a line marks each bar.

## Sheet music



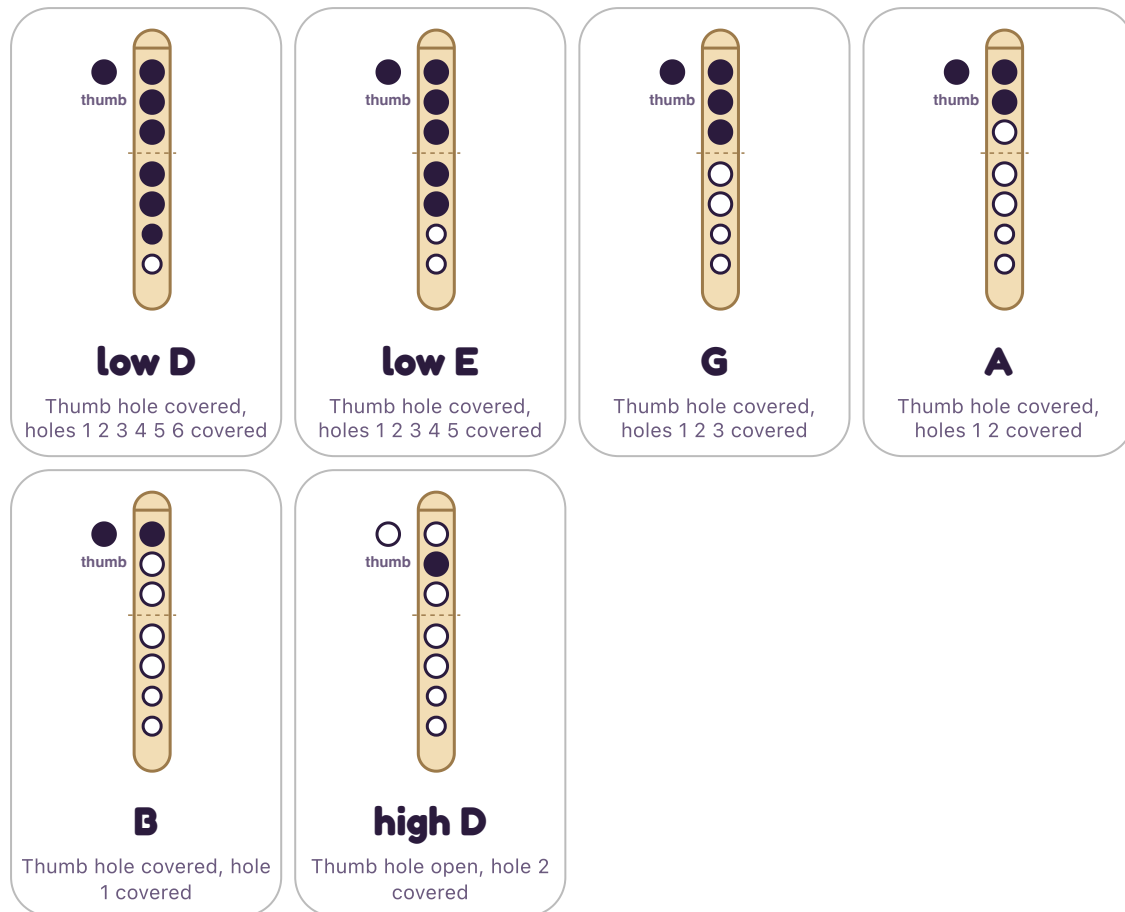
The same song in standard notation, with each note's name under it.

## The notes as letters

D G B G B A G E D D G B G B A D'

D' is the high D. All for a soprano (descant) recorder, with baroque (English) fingering.

## Fingerings



Tap Play to hear a note; tap a fingering card to see how to play it. Filled holes are covered. The left hand is on top (thumb behind, holes 1–3), the right hand below (holes 4–7).

## Tips

- Say "doo" into the recorder for each note: the tongue starts every note, so repeated notes sound separate.
- Blow gently, like cooling soup. Too much air makes a squeak an octave up.
- Cover the holes with the soft pads of your fingers, not the tips, so no air leaks out.
- Low D needs the gentlest breath of all, and every hole sealed: if it squeaks, check your bottom fingers first.

- High D has the thumb hole open and only hole 2 covered: just your left middle finger holds it.